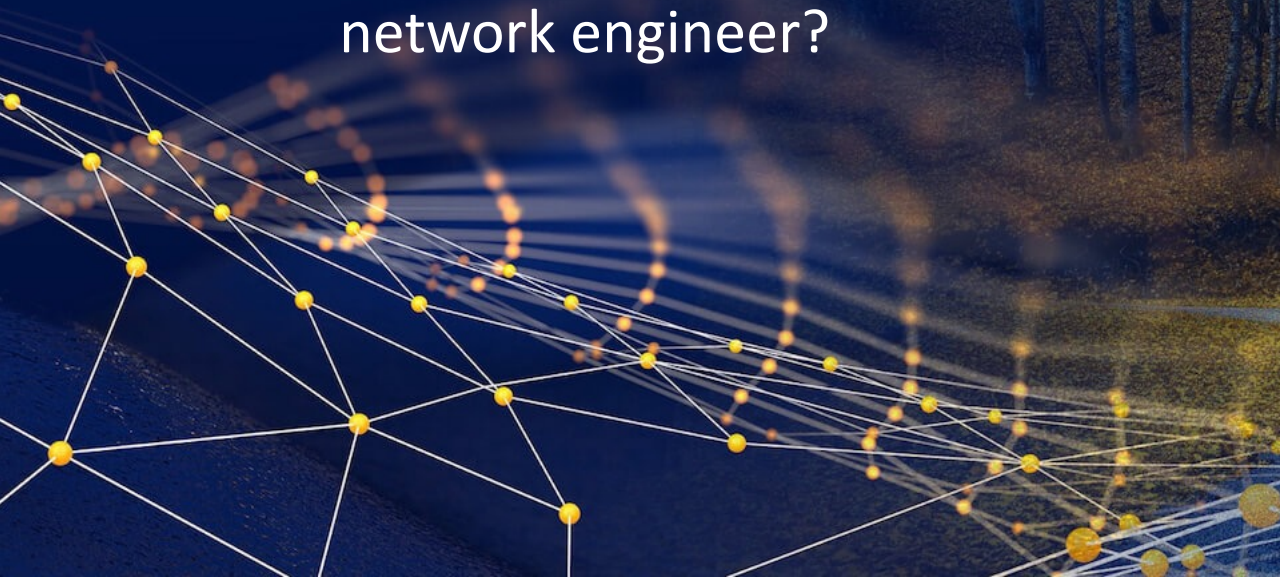




ROUTE 128

IPv6

The next or the last thing you will see as a network engineer?



What People Say

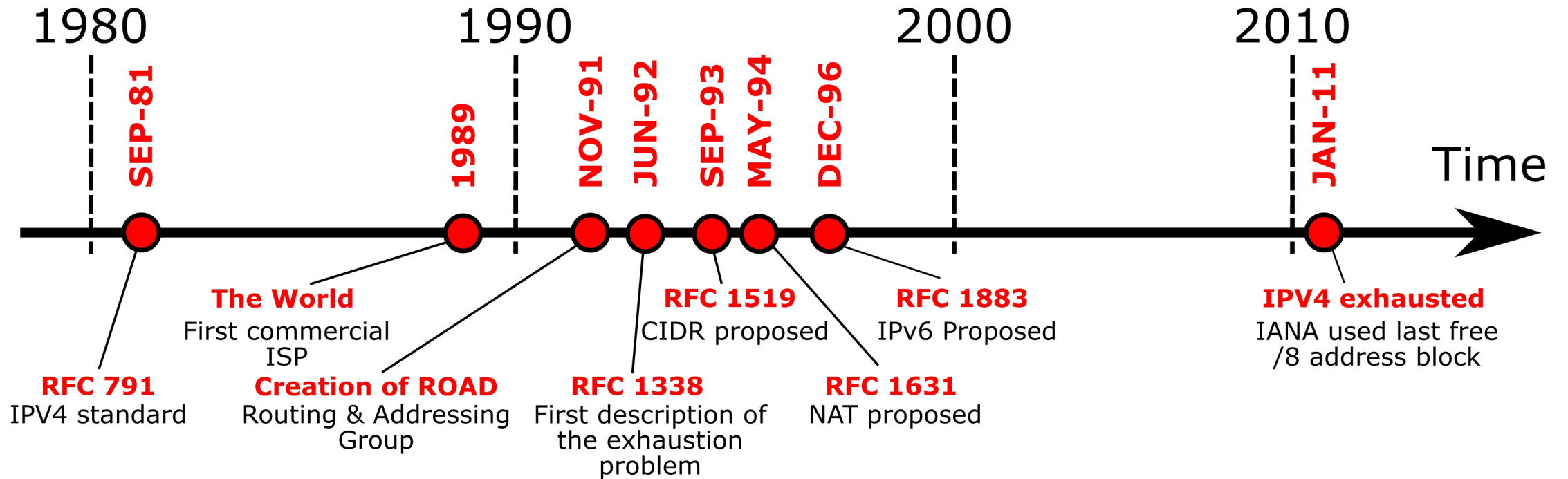
IPv6 is:

- Faster
- More Secure
- All Routing
- End-to-End Communication
- Firewall
- No NAT
- PI by sponsoring LIR
- Powering the Mobile World
- Better for VoIP and Multimedia

IPv6 is not:

- Using RFC1918
- Less Secure
- Hard to learn
- About addresses
- Hard to get
- Only for nerds or technicians
- Too new
- About extra fees for IPv6

But ...



Use of IPv6

Use of IPv6 for Ireland (IE)



<https://stats.labs.apnic.net/ipv6/IE>

Use of IPv6 for Germany (DE)



<https://stats.labs.apnic.net/ipv6/DE>

RFC 9386 - IPv6 Deployment Status

Table 2: IPv6-Capable Users against Total Users (in Millions) as of January 2022

| | Jan 2018 | Jan 2019 | Jan 2020 | Jan 2021 | Jan 2022 | CAGR |
|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-------|
| IPv6 | 513.07 | 574.02 | 989.25 | 1,136.28 | 1,207.61 | 23.9% |
| World | 3,410.27 | 3,470.36 | 4,065.00 | 4,091.62 | 4,093.69 | 4.7% |
| Ratio | 15.0% | 16.5% | 24.3% | 27.8% | 29.5% | 18.4% |

Table 3: Usage of IPv6 in Websites (as of January 2022)

| Worldwide Websites | Jan 2018 | Jan 2019 | Jan 2020 | Jan 2021 | Jan 2022 | CAGR |
|--------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-------|
| % of IPv6 | 11.4% | 13.3% | 15.0% | 17.5% | 20.6% | 15.9% |

RFC 9386 - IPv6 Deployment Status

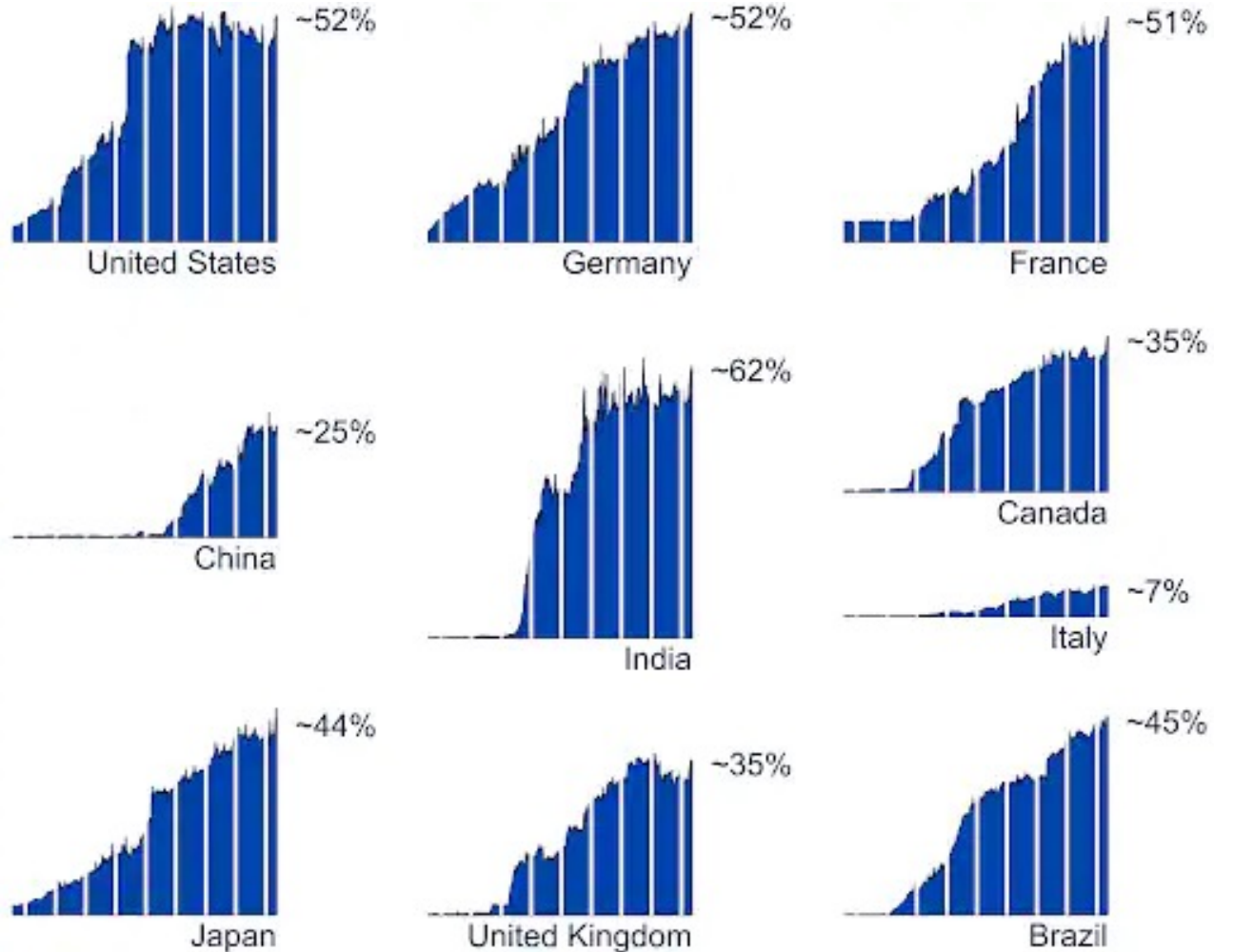
Table 7: IPv6 Support for External-Facing Services across Enterprises (as of January 2022)

| Country | Domains analyzed | DNS | Mail | Website |
|--------------------------|------------------|-------|-------|---------|
| China | 478 | 74.7% | 0.0% | 19.7% |
| India | 104 | 51.9% | 15.4% | 16.3% |
| United States of America | 1070 | 66.8% | 21.2% | 6.3% |

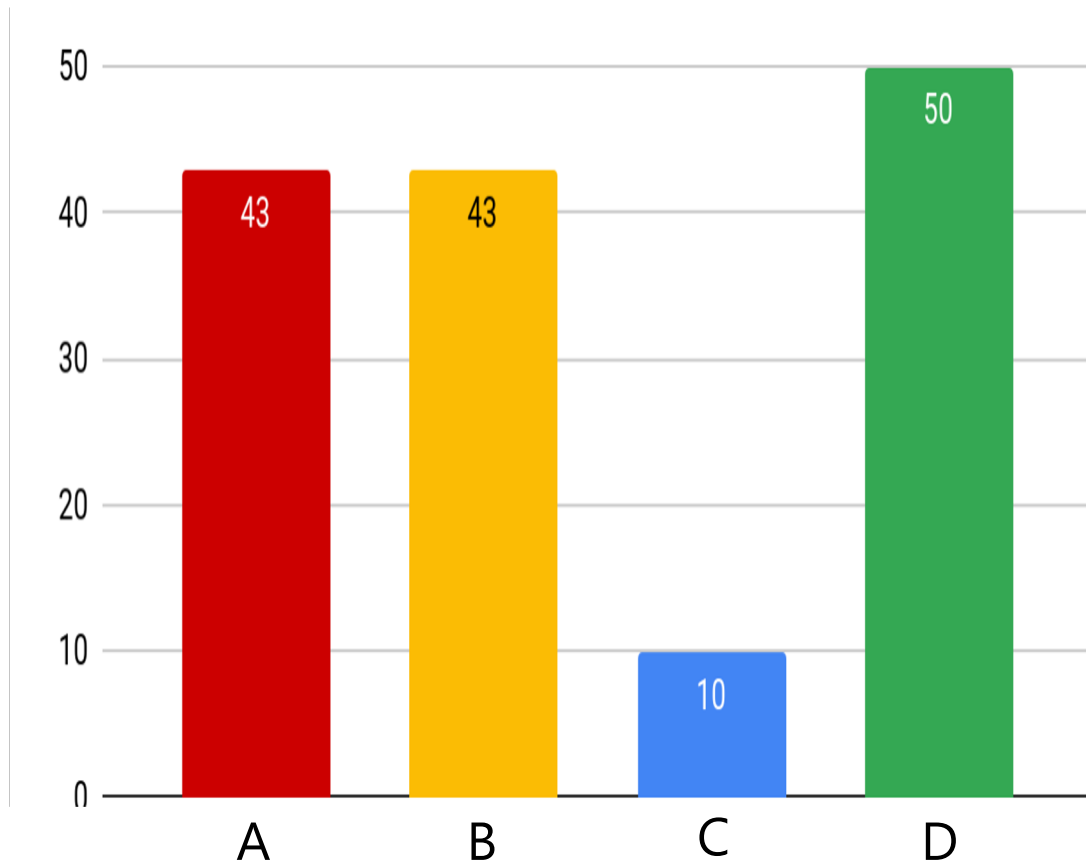
Deployment

2013-2022

Percentage of requests over IPv6 to a subset of dual-stack sites on Akamai from July 2013 to May 2022 for top 10 global economies (by GDP in 2022, per IMF).



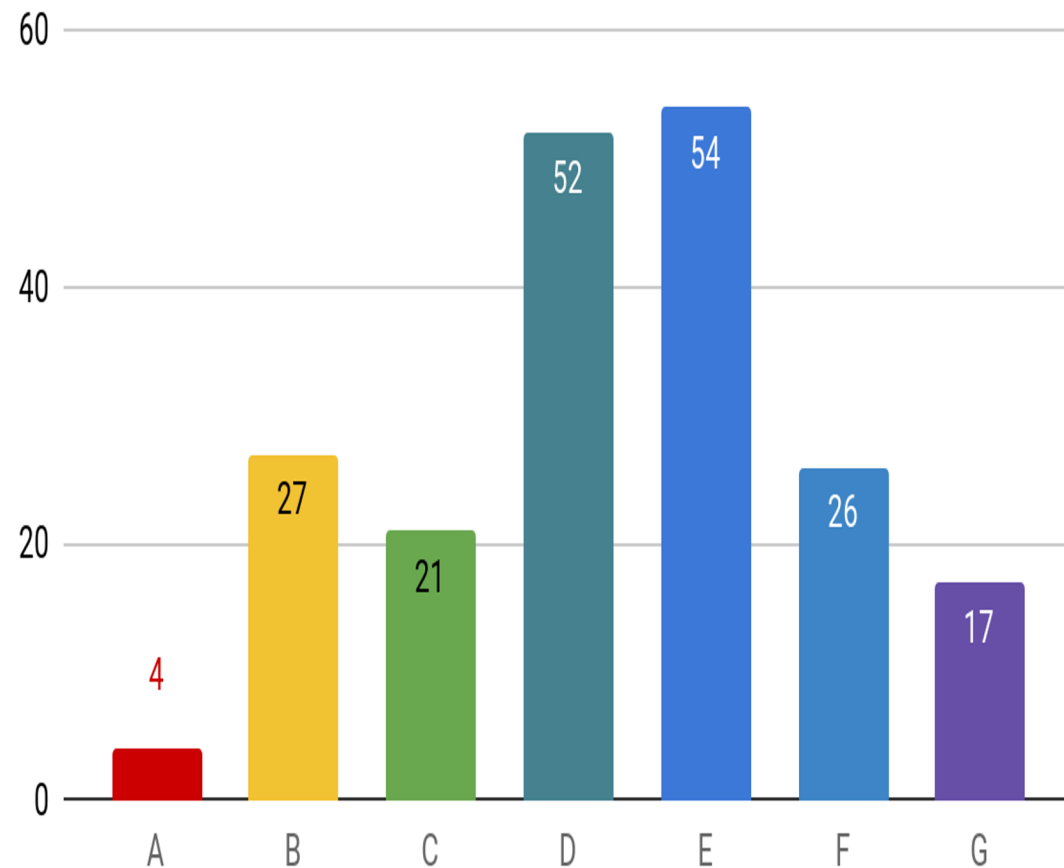
eco - IPv4/IPv6 Results



Question: "In your opinion, what stumbling blocks stand in the way of broad acceptance?"

- A** No know-how
- B** No necessity
- C** Cost reasons
- D** Other

eco - IPv4/IPv6 Results



Question: "Which of the following activities are most likely to apply to you? (multiple choice)"

- A** IPv6 is a hype that we are not currently participating in
- B** We are still completely on IPv4 and are not currently planning a switchover
- C** We are still completely on IPv4, but have concrete plans to switch to IPv6
- D** We are "halfway there", so to speak
- E** We mainly use IPv6, but we cannot do without IPv4 in the next few years
- F** We use over 90% IPv6
- G** We consider IPv4 to be dispensable for our services from 2026 at the latest

Do you feel sufficiently informed?

You have to actively look for information - but IPv6 should be a "debt to be discharged"!

have already successfully implemented several IPv6 projects.

Information from RIPE is known, but difficult to implement

I am not aware of the latest developments

I feel well informed

IPv6 in use since 2013

have been offering IPv4 and IPv6 in our data center for years

We have been IPv6 ready for years!

IPv6 is well known. Protocol not a big hit. IPv4 / IPv6 will continue to exist in parallel

Manual for the SOHO sector would help

Special topic; not the focus of perception

Shared NAT64/DNS64 are available to our customers to reach IPv4 residual ramp

We are pioneers in IPv6 introduction (telephone) and migration (DS-Lite+PCP)

What are the stumbling blocks?

"No know-how" and "costs" are used as an excuse

No attention in management

Vocational schools still teach Class A/B/C networks

Knowledge gaps in the customer environment

Inadequate address assignment by provider

Customers see no need

No time/resources for implementation!

Lack of awareness of necessity

No need as long as IPv4 addresses are available and DualStack is used

Perception: "IPv6 is extra work"

Layer 8 problem ;-)

too few services are IPv6 only

No need to exchange, sell or lease IP blocks

System compatibility with legacy hardware

eco - Result

- No Know-How
- Vocational schools still teach Class A/B/C networks
- Information from RIPE is known, but difficult to implement
- Costs
- Customer see no need
- Not enough services on IPv6-only
- No attention in management (Layer8)

No Need?

| | World IPv6 Launch (2012) | 10 years later (2022) |
|------------------------------------|---|---|
| Peak IPv6 traffic | ~1 Gbps | 41 Tbps (> 41,000 Gbps) |
| Daily IPv6 requests | 3.9 billion per day <i>(and 8 million in 2011)</i> | > 4,000 billion per day |
| IPv6 addresses observed per day | 19 million | 7.5 billion <i>(across 2.2 billion "/64" prefixes)</i> |

How IPv6 traffic on the Akamai CDN has grown in the decade since World IPv6 Launch

<https://www.akamai.com/blog/trends/10-years-since-world-ipv6-launch>

Schools - German UNIVERSITIES

IPv6-Status ⁱ

| Institution | HTTP | DNS | MX | Groupware | IMAP | POP3 | Submission | Webmail | VPN | Portal | User-Portal | IDP | NTP |
|---|------|-----|----|-----------|------|------|------------|---------|-----|--------|-------------|-----|-----|
| BelWü [📍] | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ○ | ✓ | ○ | ✓ |
| Duale Hochschule Baden-Württemberg [📍] | ✗ | ✓ | ✗ | ✗ | ○ | ○ | ✗ | ✗ | ○ | ✗ | ✗ | ○ | ○ |
| Hochschule Heilbronn [📍] | ✓ | — | ✓ | ✗ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✗ | ✓ | ✗ | ✗ | ✗ | ○ |
| Hochschule für Technik Stuttgart [📍] | ✓ | ✓ | ✗ | ✗ | ✗ | ✗ | ✗ | ✗ | ✗ | ✗ | ○ | ✗ | ○ |
| Karlsruher Institut für Technologie [📍] | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ⚠️ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Universität Freiburg [📍] | ✗ | ✓ | ✓ | ○ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✗ | ✗ | ✗ | ✓ |
| Universität Heidelberg [📍] | ✗ | — | ✗ | ✗ | ✗ | ✗ | ✗ | ✗ | ✗ | ✗ | ✗ | ✗ | ✗ |
| Universität Hohenheim [📍] | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ○ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✗ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Universität Konstanz [📍] | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ○ | ✓ | ○ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✗ | ○ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Universität Mannheim [📍] | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ⚠️ | ⚠️ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ○ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Universität Stuttgart [📍] | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✗ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Universität Tübingen [📍] | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ○ | ✗ | ✗ | ✓ | ✓ | ✗ | ✗ | ○ | ✗ | ✓ |
| Universität Ulm [📍] | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ○ | ✓ | ○ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ○ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Hochschule Offenburg ^{* 📍} | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ○ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✗ | ✓ | ✗ | ○ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Staatliche Hochschule für Gestaltung Karlsruhe ^{* 📍} | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ○ | ✓ | ○ | ✓ | ✓ | ○ | ○ | ✓ | ○ | ○ |

<https://status.bwipv6.de>

To be reached at:

193.196.32.30

2a00:139e:3:1:250:56ff:fe86:7e0d

ⁱ Dies ist eine Übersicht des IPv6-Status der Projektteilnehmer am Projekt bwIPv6@Academia. Diese Seite gibt nur einen groben Überblick und hat keinen Anspruch, die reale Situation vollumfänglich widerzuspiegeln. Insbesondere setzt der erfolgreiche Abschluss des bwIPv6@Academia-Projekts nicht die IPv6-Anbindung aller auf dieser Seite gelisteten Dienste voraus.

* Kein offizieller Projektteilnehmer
 Status vom 05.03.24 um 17:00 | [Rohdaten \(JSON\)](#)

German ISP

- e.g. German Telecom (80% IPv6 Deployment 2023)
 - Fixed /48 IPv6 and /29 IPv4 Prefixes for ConnectIP
 - Fixed /56 IPv6 and /32 IPv4 Prefixes for Company PRO (xDSL)
 - Not Fixed /56 IPv6 and DS-Light (CGN) IPv4 Prefixes for Private Customer (xDSL)
- Almost all business operators in Germany offer IPv6 for companies with fixed addresses
- Wikipedia adoption level of 68% by June 2023
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/IPv6_deployment
- Google adoption level of 72.01% by March 2024
<https://www.google.com/intl/en/ipv6/statistics.html#tab=per-country-ipv6-adoption>

Governments

- **2030**
German Gov IPv6only, in 2022
52% IPv6 Elster Tax
(Ripe84 – Berlin)
- **2032 6th of June**
Czech Republic Gov IPv6-only
- **2025**
80% of U.S. Federal Networks
IPv6-only
(<https://www.cio.gov/assets/resources/internet-protocol-version6-draft.pdf>)

IPv6-only Websites:

- <https://clintonwhitehouse1.archives.gov/>
- <https://clintonwhitehouse2.archives.gov/>

HyperScalers

NETFLIX

... estimated 9 Mio IPv4 Addresses
for their deployment at AWS

... only solution was IPv6

AWS

... \$0.005 per hour, \$43.0 per
year per IPv4 Address

<https://aws.amazon.com/de/blogs/aws/new-aws-public-ipv4-address-charge-public-ip-insights/9>

Azure

... \$0.0036 per hour, \$31.536
per year per Basic IPv4
Address

Prices for IPv4 Space

- AWS

| IPv4 | hour | year |
|---------------------|---------|-------------|
| 1 Address (/32) | \$0.005 | \$43.80 |
| 6 Addresses (/29) | \$0.03 | \$262.80 |
| 14 Addresses (/28) | \$0.07 | \$613.20 |
| 254 Addresses (/24) | \$1.27 | \$11,125.20 |

- AZURE

| IPv4 | hour | year |
|---------------------|----------|-----------|
| 1 Address (/32) | \$0.0036 | \$0.12 |
| 6 Addresses (/29) | \$0.0216 | \$189.22 |
| 14 Addresses (/28) | \$0.0504 | \$441.50 |
| 254 Addresses (/24) | \$0.9144 | \$8010.14 |

IPv6 enables better performance

Studies over the past few years show dramatic IPv6 performance improvements:

- [Facebook performed a study](#) in 2015 that showed that websites load 10%–15% faster over IPv6.
- Akamai's customer AbemaTV did a [case study in 2019](#), which showed that IPv6 improved the throughput by 38% on average when compared with connections via IPv4.
- Apple announced [during the Worldwide Developers Conference 2020](#) that median connection setup times are 1.4x faster when IPv6 is in use when compared with IPv4.

IPv6 Performance:

- Websites load 10-15% faster
- Stream throughput improved by 38%
- Median connection setup time 40% faster

From „<https://www.akamai.com/blog/trends/10-years-since-world-ipv6-launch> “

What could we do ...

- IPv6 mandatory at universities and schools
- Use NAT64 and DNS64 in the office
- Industry IPv6-only Support on Servers and Storage
- Switch Monitoring to IPv6
- Smart ~~documentation~~ cookbook to help the migration
- Supporting the day-to-day operation of IPv6 networks with smart tools and knowledge bases
- Offer more ipv6only services

Smart Cookbook

The screenshot displays the IPv6 Smartkit website. On the left is a sidebar with a table of contents under the heading "SEITENHIERARCHIE". The main content area features a header with the title "IPv6 Smartkit" and a search bar. Below the header are six colored boxes, each representing a section of the smartkit with a list of sub-topics.

SEITENHIERARCHIE

- > 1. Introduction & Overview
- > 2. Migration & Implementation
- > 3. In Practice & Operation
- > 4. Security
- > 5. Technical Background
- > 6. References & Resources

IPv6 Smartkit
Angelegt von Florian Knorn, zuletzt geändert am 27.11.2023

Welcome to the IPv6 Smartkit!
To get started and to efficiently navigate the 1000+ pages that comprise the Smartkit, read [the introduction](#).
The authors wish you a joyful experience and a successful IPv6 migration!

Search the Smartkit

1. Introduction & Overview

- > About the Smartkit
 - Historical Context
- > IPv6 from an Economic & Organizational Perspective
 - Common Misconceptions About IPv6
 - Problematic Aspects of IPv6

2. Migration & Implementation

- > Migration to IPv6
- > Recipes
- > Purchasing & Tendering

3. Practice & Operation

- > Operating Systems & IPv6 Settings
- > IPv6 Tools
 - Software Development & IPv6

4. Security

- > Firewall Rule Sets
 - IPsec - Internet Protocol Security
- > VPN
 - IPv6 LAN Security
 - Operating Systems
 - Further IPv6 Security Aspects

5. Technical Background

- > The IPv6 Protocol
- > How IPv6 Works
- > Routing & Network Protocols
- > Migration Technologies & Tunnels

6. References & Resources

- > Organizations
- > Additional Resources
- > IPv6 RFCs - The Specifications
- > Glossary

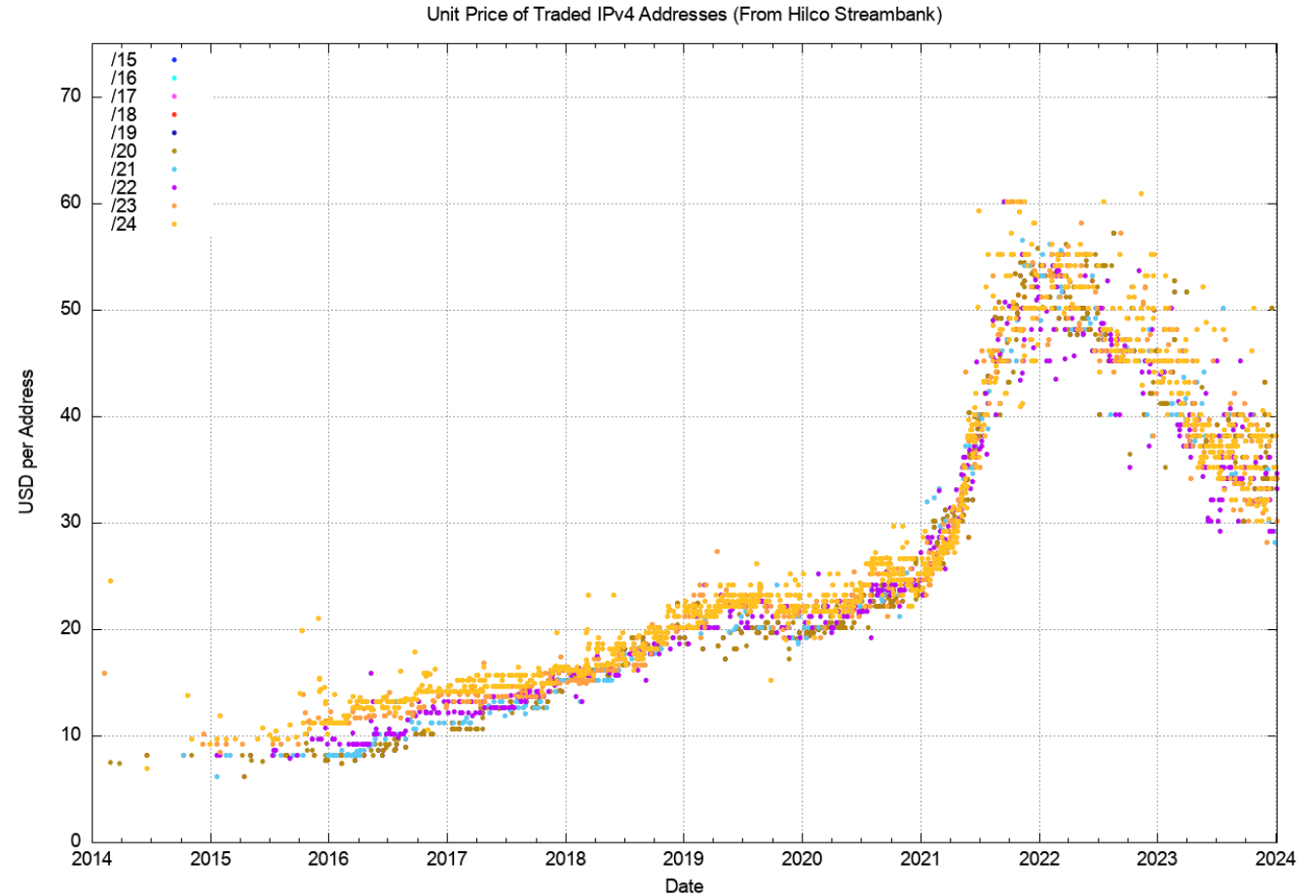
What are the people not using IPv6

| Customer | IPv6 Activation | Fixed IP | IPv6 Präfix | IPv4 Präfix | IPv6 (March 2024) | Numbers (2021) |
|-------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|
| Consumer | Automatic | No | /56 | Shared | 72% | 37.000.000 |
| Mobile User | Automatic | No | /64 | Shared | 99% | |
| Small Business | Automatic | On Request | /56 | /32 | 72 % | 465.000 |
| Midsized Business | On Request | Yes | /48 | /29 | 20% ? | 80.000 |
| Enterprises | On Request | Yes | /48 (PI) | /28 - /24 | 0% ? | 21.000 |
| IP Transit | On Request | Yes | Supplied by Customer | Supplied by Customer | | 2.300 (RIPE Routed LIR) |

curl --location --request GET "https://stat.ripe.net/data/country-asns/data.json?resource=DE"

What else could we do

- Switch off IPv4 on IXP worldwide?
- Sell all your IPv4 space now!
- Test and use RFC like:
 - RFC 8950
Advertising IPv4 Network Layer Reachability Information (NLRI) with an IPv6 Next Hop
 - RFC 7381
Enterprise IPv6 Deployment Guidelines



IPv4 Price Time Series (data from Hilco Streambank) from <https://www.potaroo.net/ispcol/2024-01/addr2023.html>

The answer:
IPv6
The next ~~or the last~~ thing you will see
as a network engineer!

Stefan Wahl
swahl@route128.net
<https://www.route128.net>

